

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-6324



BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

41-6034000
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

2650 Lou Menk Drive
Fort Worth, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

76131-2830
(Zip Code)

(800) 795-2673
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer **Accelerated filer** **Non-accelerated filer** **Smaller reporting company**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Shares Outstanding at July 16, 2008
Common stock, \$1.00 par value	1,000 shares

Registrant meets the conditions set forth in General Instruction H (1) (a) and (b) of Form 10-Q and is therefore filing this Form 10-Q with the reduced disclosure format permitted by General Instruction H (2).

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PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
		<i>(As Adjusted)^a</i>		<i>(As Adjusted)^a</i>
Revenues	\$ 4,420	\$ 3,797	\$ 8,631	\$ 7,399
Operating expenses:				
Fuel	1,245	771	2,254	1,423
Compensation and benefits	947	919	1,924	1,846
Purchased services	522	502	1,041	1,002
Depreciation and amortization	349	321	690	628
Equipment rents	223	237	453	469
Materials and other	423	199	676	479
Total operating expenses	<u>3,709</u>	<u>2,949</u>	<u>7,038</u>	<u>5,847</u>
Operating income	711	848	1,593	1,552
Interest expense	30	25	57	46
Interest income, related parties	(2)	(48)	(7)	(97)
Other expense, net	<u>6</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>17</u>
Income before income taxes	677	862	1,534	1,586
Income tax expense	<u>260</u>	<u>331</u>	<u>590</u>	<u>610</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 417</u>	<u>\$ 531</u>	<u>\$ 944</u>	<u>\$ 976</u>

^a Prior year numbers have been adjusted for the merger of BNSF Acquisition, Inc. into BNSF Railway Company. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Dollars in millions)
(Unaudited)

	<u>June 30, 2008</u>	<u>December 31, 2007</u> (As Adjusted) ^a
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 58	\$ 24
Accounts receivable, net	895	805
Materials and supplies	688	579
Current portion of deferred income taxes	329	282
Other current assets	578	325
Total current assets	<u>2,548</u>	<u>2,015</u>
Property and equipment, net	30,124	29,560
Other assets	2,332	1,953
Total assets	<u>\$ 35,004</u>	<u>\$ 33,528</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 2,950	\$ 2,822
Long-term debt due within one year	230	210
Total current liabilities	<u>3,180</u>	<u>3,032</u>
Long-term debt	1,490	1,511
Deferred income taxes	8,759	8,519
Casualty and environmental liabilities	1,014	843
Pension and retiree health and welfare liability	454	444
Employee separation costs	73	77
Other liabilities	1,651	1,578
Total liabilities	<u>16,621</u>	<u>16,004</u>
Commitments and contingencies (see Notes 2, 4 and 5)		
Stockholder's equity:		
Common stock, \$1 par value, 1,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding and paid-in capital	6,331	6,331
Retained earnings	12,734	11,797
Intercompany notes receivable	(591)	(456)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(91)	(148)
Total stockholder's equity	<u>18,383</u>	<u>17,524</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 35,004</u>	<u>\$ 33,528</u>

^a Prior year numbers have been adjusted for the merger of BNSF Acquisition, Inc. into BNSF Railway Company. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30,	2008	2007
		(As Adjusted)^a
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 944	\$ 976
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	690	628
Deferred income taxes	154	142
Employee separation costs paid	(7)	(10)
Long-term casualty and environmental liabilities, net	191	33
Other, net	(12)	49
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	(90)	(41)
Materials and supplies	(109)	(34)
Other current assets	(175)	(125)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	101	(123)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>1,687</u>	<u>1,495</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures	(1,042)	(1,152)
Net increase in intercompany notes receivable	-	(73)
Construction costs for facility financing obligation	(17)	(9)
Other, net	(387)	(159)
Net cash used for investing activities	<u>(1,446)</u>	<u>(1,393)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in short-term bank borrowings	8	-
Payments on long-term debt	(109)	(93)
Proceeds from facility financing obligation	29	-
Net increase in intercompany notes receivable	(135)	-
Net increase in intercompany notes payable	-	1
Other, net	-	(1)
Net cash used for financing activities	<u>(207)</u>	<u>(93)</u>
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	34	9
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of period	24	20
End of period	<u>\$ 58</u>	<u>\$ 29</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 49	\$ 35
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$ 521	\$ 445
Non-cash asset financing	\$ 61	\$ 116

^a Prior year numbers have been adjusted for the merger of BNSF Acquisition, Inc. into BNSF Railway Company. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock and Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Inter- Company Notes Receivable	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2007, as adjusted	\$ 6,331 ^a	\$ 11,797 ^a	\$ (456)	\$ (148)	\$ 17,524 ^a
Adjustment to change the measurement date pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 158	—	(7)	—	2	(5)
Adjustment to initially apply SFAS No. 158 to equity method investees	—	—	—	(2)	(2)
Change in intercompany notes receivable	—	—	(135)	—	(135)
Comprehensive income:					
Net income	—	944	—	—	944
Amortization of prior service costs and actuarial losses, net of tax expense of \$2	—	—	—	4	4
Gain on derivative instruments and other items, net of tax expense of \$34	—	—	—	53	53
Total comprehensive income					1,001
Balance at June 30, 2008	<u>\$ 6,331</u>	<u>\$ 12,734</u>	<u>\$ (591)</u>	<u>\$ (91)</u>	<u>\$ 18,383</u>

^a Prior year numbers have been adjusted for the merger of BNSF Acquisition, Inc. into BNSF Railway Company. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

1. Accounting Policies and Interim Results

The Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with BNSF Railway Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, including the financial statements and notes thereto. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of BNSF Railway Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively BNSF Railway or the Company). BNSF Railway is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Burlington Northern Santa Fe Corporation (BNSF), and is the principal operating subsidiary of BNSF.

BNSF Acquisition, Inc. (BNSF Acquisition), a wholly-owned subsidiary of BNSF was merged with and into BNSF Railway on March 18, 2008. BNSF Acquisition was formed on April 17, 1996 as the vehicle to acquire Washington Central Railroad Company, Inc. SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, carries forward without reconsideration the previous guidance related to the combination of entities under common control in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 16, *Business Combinations*. As such, the consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2007, the related consolidated statements of income for the three-month period ended June 30, 2007 and each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 have been adjusted to reflect this transaction as if it had occurred as of the beginning of the earliest period presented. As a result, the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements of BNSF Railway presented herein will differ from the amounts previously reported in BNSF Railway's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 and Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007. The effects of this transaction were as follows (in millions):

**Consolidated Statement of Income
Three Months Ended June 30, 2007**

	<u>As Reported</u>	Impact of Adjustment	<u>As Adjusted</u>
Revenues	\$ 3,795	\$ 2	\$ 3,797
Total operating expenses	2,949	—	2,949
Operating income	846	2	848
Income before income taxes	860	2	862
Income tax expense	330	1	331
Net income	\$ 530	\$ 1	\$ 531

**Consolidated Statement of Income
Six Months Ended June 30, 2007**

	<u>As Reported</u>	Impact of Adjustment	<u>As Adjusted</u>
Revenues	\$ 7,396	\$ 3	\$ 7,399
Total operating expenses	5,847	—	5,847
Operating income	1,549	3	1,552
Income before income taxes	1,583	3	1,586
Income tax expense	609	1	610
Net income	\$ 974	\$ 2	\$ 976

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

Consolidated Balance Sheet
December 31, 2007

	<u>As Reported</u>	<u>Impact of Adjustment</u>	<u>As Adjusted</u>
Property and equipment, net	\$ 29,513	\$ 47	\$ 29,560
Other assets	1,927	26	1,953
Total assets	33,455	73	33,528
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,848	(26)	2,822
Total current liabilities	3,058	(26)	3,032
Deferred income taxes	8,501	18	8,519
Total liabilities	16,012	(8)	16,004
Common stock issued and outstanding and paid-in capital	6,286	45	6,331
Retained earnings	11,761	36	11,797
Total stockholder's equity	17,443	81	17,524
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 33,455	\$ 73	\$ 33,528

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

	<u>As Reported</u>	<u>Impact of Adjustment</u>	<u>As Adjusted</u>
Net income	\$ 974	\$ 2	\$ 976
Accounts receivable, net ^a	(39)	(2)	(41)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,495	\$ –	\$ 1,495

^a Comparative prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Additionally, certain comparative prior period amounts in the Consolidated Financial Statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported operating income or net income except as discussed herein.

The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the entire year. In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, except as disclosed) necessary for a fair statement of BNSF Railway's consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2008, and the results of operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

Fair Value Measurements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements around fair value measurements.

SFAS No. 157 specifies a three-level hierarchy of valuation inputs which was established to increase consistency, clarity and comparability in fair value measurements and related disclosures.

- Level 1—Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

- Level 2—Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable market data.
- Level 3—Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

SFAS No. 157 requires companies to maximize the use of observable inputs (Level 1 and Level 2), when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs (Level 3) when determining fair value.

The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 on January 1, 2008 and recorded no financial statement adjustments as a result of adoption. The Company has applied the provisions of the standard to its fuel and interest rate hedges (see Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

However, the Company has not applied the provisions of the standard to its property and equipment, goodwill and certain other assets, which are measured at fair value for impairment assessment, nor to any business combinations or asset retirement obligations. The Company will apply the provisions of the standard to these assets and liabilities, beginning January 1, 2009 as required by FASB Staff Position (FSP) SFAS No. 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157*. This adoption is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's result of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

2. Hedging Activities

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to hedge against increases in diesel fuel prices and interest rates. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. The Company formally documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, as well as the risk management objective and strategy for the use of the hedging instrument. This documentation includes linking the derivatives that are designated as cash flow hedges to specific assets or liabilities on the balance sheet, commitments or forecasted transactions. The Company assesses at the time a derivative contract is entered into, and at least quarterly thereafter, whether the derivative item is effective in offsetting the changes in cash flows. Any change in fair value resulting from ineffectiveness, as defined by SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, as amended*, is recognized in current period earnings. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCL) as a separate component of stockholder's equity and reclassified into earnings in the period during which the hedge transaction affects earnings. Cash flows related to fuel and interest rate hedges are classified as operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

BNSF Railway monitors its hedging positions and credit ratings of its counterparties and does not anticipate any losses due to counterparty nonperformance.

Fuel

Fuel costs represented 32 percent and 24 percent of total operating expenses during the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Due to the significance of diesel fuel expenses to the operations of BNSF Railway and the historical volatility of fuel prices, the Company has entered into hedges to partially mitigate the risk of fluctuations in the price of its diesel fuel purchases. The fuel hedges include the use of derivatives that are accounted for as cash flow hedges. The hedging is intended to protect the Company's operating margins and overall profitability from adverse fuel price changes by entering into fuel-hedge instruments based on management's evaluation of current and expected diesel fuel price trends. However, to the extent the Company hedges portions of its fuel purchases, it may not realize the impact of decreases in fuel prices. Conversely, to the extent the Company does not hedge portions of its fuel purchases, it may be adversely affected by increases in fuel prices. Based on fuel consumption during the second quarter of 2008 and excluding the impact of the hedges, each one-cent increase in the price of fuel per gallon would result in approximately \$14 million of additional fuel expense on an annual basis. However, BNSF Railway believes any fuel price increase would be substantially offset by the Company's fuel surcharge program.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

Total Fuel-Hedging Activities

As of June 30, 2008, BNSF Railway's total fuel-hedging positions covered approximately 8 percent, 3 percent and 1 percent of estimated fuel purchases for the remainder of 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. Hedge positions are closely monitored to ensure that they will not exceed actual fuel requirements in any period.

The amounts recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Income for fuel-hedge transactions were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Hedge benefit (loss)	\$ 23	\$ (2)	\$ 33	\$ 24
Ineffective portion of open hedges	–	1	–	–
Tax effect	(9)	–	(13)	(9)
Hedge benefit (loss), net of tax	\$ 14	\$ (1)	\$ 20	\$ 15

The ineffective portion of unrealized gains and losses of open hedges are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Income as a component of fuel expense.

The amounts recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets for fuel-hedge transactions were as follows (in millions):

	June 30,	December 31,
	2008	2007
Short-term fuel-hedging asset	\$ 84	\$ 29
Long-term fuel-hedging asset	42	10
Ineffective portion of open hedges	–	–
Tax effect	(49)	(15)
Amount included in AOCL, net of tax	\$ 77	\$ 24
Settled fuel-hedging contracts receivable	\$ 23	\$ 6

The Company uses the forward commodity price for the periods hedged to value its fuel-hedge swaps and costless collars. This methodology is a market approach, which under SFAS No. 157 utilizes Level 2 inputs as it uses market data for similar instruments in active markets.

New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) #2 Heating Oil (HO) Hedges

As of June 30, 2008, BNSF Railway had entered into fuel swap agreements utilizing NYMEX #2 HO. The hedge prices do not include taxes, transportation costs, certain other fuel handling costs and any differences that may occur between the prices of HO and the purchase price of BNSF Railway's diesel fuel. Over the twelve months ended June 30, 2008, the sum of all such costs averaged approximately 20 cents per gallon.

During the first six months of 2008, the Company entered into fuel swap agreements utilizing HO to hedge the equivalent of approximately 24.02 million gallons of fuel with an average swap price of \$2.44 per gallon. The following table provides fuel-hedge data based on the quarter being hedged for all HO fuel hedges outstanding as of June 30, 2008.

2008	Quarter Ending		
	September 30,	December 31,	Total
HO Swaps			
Gallons hedged (in millions)	8.23	8.99	17.22
Average swap price (per gallon)	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.47	\$ 2.45
Fair value (in millions)	\$ 13	\$ 14	\$ 27

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Crude Oil Hedges

In addition, BNSF Railway enters into fuel swap and costless collar agreements utilizing WTI crude oil. The hedge prices do not include taxes, transportation costs, certain other fuel handling costs and any differences which may occur between the prices of WTI and the purchase price of BNSF Railway's diesel fuel, including refining costs. Over the twelve months ended June 30, 2008, the sum of all such costs averaged approximately 61 cents per gallon.

During the first six months of 2008, the Company entered into fuel swap agreements utilizing WTI to hedge the equivalent of approximately 450 thousand barrels of fuel with an average swap price of \$84.78 per barrel and costless collar agreements utilizing WTI to hedge the equivalent of approximately 1,190 thousand barrels of fuel with an average cap price of \$136.58 per barrel and an average floor price of \$125.52 per barrel. The following table provides fuel-hedge data based on the quarter being hedged for all WTI fuel hedges outstanding as of June 30, 2008.

2008	Quarter Ending		
	September 30,	December 31,	Total
WTI Swaps			
Barrels hedged (in thousands)	230	230	460
Equivalent gallons hedged (in millions)	9.66	9.66	19.32
Average swap price (per barrel)	\$ 63.70	\$ 63.70	\$ 63.70
Fair value (in millions)	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ 36
WTI Costless Collars			
Barrels hedged (in thousands)	420	130	550
Equivalent gallons hedged (in millions)	17.64	5.46	23.10
Average cap price (per barrel)	\$ 137.18	\$ 135.41	\$ 136.76
Average floor price (per barrel)	\$ 125.70	\$ 124.34	\$ 125.38
Fair value (in millions)	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 3

2009	Quarter Ending				
	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,	Annual
WTI Swaps					
Barrels hedged (in thousands)	100	100	100	160	460
Equivalent gallons hedged (in millions)	4.20	4.20	4.20	6.72	19.32
Average swap price (per barrel)	\$ 65.10	\$ 65.10	\$ 65.10	\$ 76.24	\$ 68.97
Fair value (in millions)	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ 33
WTI Costless Collars					
Barrels hedged (in thousands)	185	185	135	135	640
Equivalent gallons hedged (in millions)	7.77	7.77	5.67	5.67	26.88
Average cap price (per barrel)	\$ 136.52	\$ 135.79	\$ 136.95	\$ 136.66	\$ 136.43
Average floor price (per barrel)	\$ 125.53	\$ 125.02	\$ 126.29	\$ 126.00	\$ 125.64
Fair value (in millions)	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ <1	\$ <1	\$ 3

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

2010	Quarter Ending				Annual
	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,	
WTI Swaps					
Barrels hedged (in thousands)	160	90	90	90	430
Equivalent gallons hedged (in millions)	6.72	3.78	3.78	3.78	18.06
Average swap price (per barrel)	\$ 76.06	\$ 84.73	\$ 84.69	\$ 84.68	\$ 81.49
Fair value (in millions)	\$ 10	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 24

Interest Rate

From time to time, the Company enters into various interest rate hedging transactions for the purpose of managing exposure to fluctuations in interest rates by establishing rates in anticipation of the refinancing of leveraged leases. The Company uses treasury locks as part of its interest rate risk management strategy.

BNSF Railway's measurement of the fair value of interest rate derivatives is based on estimates of the mid-market values for the transactions provided by the counterparties to these agreements. This methodology is a market approach, which under SFAS No. 157 utilizes Level 2 inputs as it uses market data for similar instruments in active markets. Unrealized gains and losses for interest rate hedge transactions are not recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Cash Flow Interest Rate Hedges

The amounts recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets for interest rate cash flow hedge transactions, which represent the fair value of closed hedges, were as follows (in millions):

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Unrecognized gain on closed hedges	\$ 1	\$ 1
Tax effect	–	–
Unrecognized gain in AOCL, net of tax	\$ 1	\$ 1

3. Accounts Receivable, Net

BNSF Railway transfers a portion of its accounts receivable to Santa Fe Receivables Corporation (SFRC), a special purpose subsidiary. SFRC transfers an undivided interest in such receivables, with limited exceptions, to a master trust and causes the trust to issue an undivided interest in the receivables to investors (the A/R sales program). The undivided interests in the master trust may be in the form of certificates or purchased interests.

BNSF Railway's total capacity to sell undivided interests to investors under the A/R sales program was \$700 million at June 30, 2008, which was comprised of two \$175 million, 364-day accounts receivable facilities and two \$175 million, 3-year accounts receivable facilities, which mature in November 2008 and 2010, respectively. Outstanding undivided interests held by investors under the A/R sales program were \$300 million at both June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, with \$75 million under each facility. These undivided interests in receivables are excluded from accounts receivable by BNSF Railway in connection with the sale of undivided interests under the A/R sales program. These undivided interests were supported by \$1,166 million and \$1,105 million of receivables transferred by SFRC to the master trust at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. When SFRC transfers these receivables to the master trust, it retains an undivided interest in the receivables sold, which is included in accounts receivable in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. The interest that continues to be held by SFRC of \$866 million and \$805 million at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively, less an allowance for uncollectible accounts, reflected the total accounts receivable transferred by SFRC to the master trust less \$300 million at both June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, of outstanding undivided interests held by investors. Due to a relatively short collection cycle, the fair value of the undivided interest transferred to investors in the A/R sales program approximated book value, and there was no gain or loss from the transaction.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

BNSF Railway retains the collection responsibility with respect to the accounts receivable. Proceeds from collections reinvested in the A/R sales program were approximately \$9.3 billion and \$8.0 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. No servicing asset or liability has been recorded because the fees BNSF Railway receives for servicing the receivables approximate the related costs. SFRC's costs of the sale of receivables are included in other expense, net and were \$6 million and \$11 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. These costs fluctuate monthly with changes in prevailing interest rates and were based on weighted average interest rates of 3.6 percent and 5.6 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. These costs include interest, discounts associated with transferring the receivables under the A/R sales program to SFRC, program fees paid to banks, incidental commercial paper issuing costs and fees for unused commitment availability.

The amount of accounts receivable transferred by BNSF Railway to SFRC fluctuates based upon the availability of receivables and is directly affected by changing business volumes and credit risks, including dilution and delinquencies. In order for there to be an impact on the amount of receivables BNSF Railway could sell, the combined dilution and delinquency percentages would have to exceed an established threshold. BNSF Railway has historically experienced very low levels of dilution or delinquency and was well below the established threshold rates at June 30, 2008. Based on the current levels, if dilution or delinquency percentages were to increase by one percentage point, there would be no impact to the amount of receivables BNSF Railway could sell.

Receivables funded under the A/R sales program may not include amounts over 90 days past due or concentrations over certain limits with any one customer and certain other receivables. At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, \$15 million and \$11 million, respectively, of accounts receivable were greater than 90 days old.

BNSF Railway maintains an allowance for bill adjustments and uncollectible accounts based upon the expected collectibility of accounts receivable, including receivables transferred to the master trust. Credit losses are based on specific identification of uncollectible accounts and application of historical collection percentages by aging category. At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, \$37 million and \$36 million, respectively, of such allowances had been recorded, of which \$35 million and \$34 million, respectively, had been recorded as a reduction to accounts receivable, net. The remaining \$2 million at both June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, had been recorded in accounts payable and other current liabilities because they relate to the outstanding undivided interests held by investors. During the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, \$1 million and \$2 million, respectively, of accounts receivable were written off.

The investors in the master trust have no recourse to BNSF Railway's other assets except for customary warranty and indemnity claims. Creditors of BNSF Railway have no recourse to the assets of the master trust or SFRC unless and until all claims of their respective creditors have been paid. The A/R sales program includes provisions that, if triggered, allow the investors participating in this program, at their option, to cancel the program. At June 30, 2008, BNSF Railway was in compliance with these provisions.

4. Debt

Financing Obligation

The Company has commenced the construction of an intermodal facility that it intends to sell to a third party and subsequently lease back. Once construction of the facility is complete and all improvements have been sold to the third party, BNSF Railway will lease the facility from the third party for 20 years. Construction is expected to be completed in 2009 with an approximate cost of \$160 million. During the first six months of 2008, the Company sold \$29 million of completed improvements, bringing the total sold to date to \$70 million. This sale leaseback transaction is being accounted for as a financing obligation due to continuing involvement. The outflows from the construction of the facility are classified as investing activities, and the inflows from the associated financing proceeds are classified as financing activities in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

Guarantees

Debt and other obligations of non-consolidated entities guaranteed by the Company as of June 30, 2008, were as follows (dollars in millions):

	Guarantees					
	BNSF Railway Ownership Percentage	Principal Amount Guaranteed	Maximum Future Payments	Maximum Recourse Amount^a	Remaining Term (in years) Termination of Ownership	Capitalized Obligations
Kinder Morgan Energy Partners, L.P.	0.5%	\$ 190	\$ 190	\$ –		\$ –
Kansas City Terminal Intermodal Transportation Corporation	0.0%	\$ 56	\$ 79	\$ 79	10	\$ 29 ^b
Westside Intermodal Transportation Corporation	0.0%	\$ 39	\$ 59	\$ –	15	\$ 33 ^b
The Unified Government of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, Kansas	0.0%	\$ 12	\$ 18	\$ –	15	\$ 10 ^b
Chevron Phillips Chemical Company, LP	0.0%	N/A ^d	N/A ^d	N/A ^d	9	\$ 13 ^c
Various lessors (Residual value guarantees)	0.0%	N/A	\$ 271	\$ 271	Various	\$ 68 ^c
All other	0.0%	\$ 5	\$ 6	\$ 2	Various	\$ –

^a Reflects the maximum amount the Company could recover from a third party other than the counterparty.

^b Reflects capitalized obligations that are recorded on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

^c Reflects FASB Interpretation (FIN) 45, *Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees*, asset and corresponding liability for the fair value of these guarantees.

^d There is no cap to the liability that can be sought from BNSF Railway for BNSF Railway's negligence or the negligence of the indemnified party. However, BNSF Railway could receive reimbursement from certain insurance policies if the liability exceeds a certain amount.

Kinder Morgan Energy Partners, L.P.

Santa Fe Pacific Pipelines, Inc., an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of BNSF Railway, has a guarantee in connection with its remaining special limited partnership interest in Santa Fe Pacific Pipelines Partners, L.P. (SFPP), a subsidiary of Kinder Morgan Energy Partners, L.P., to be paid only upon default by the partnership. All obligations with respect to the guarantee will cease upon termination of ownership rights, which would occur upon a put notice issued by BNSF Railway or the exercise of the call rights by the general partners of SFPP.

Kansas City Terminal Intermodal Transportation Corporation

BNSF Railway and another major railroad jointly and severally guarantee \$56 million of debt of Kansas City Terminal Intermodal Transportation Corporation, the proceeds of which were used to finance construction of a double track grade separation bridge in Kansas City, Missouri, which is operated and used by Kansas City Terminal Railway Company (KCTRC). BNSF Railway has a 25 percent ownership in KCTRC, accounts for its interest using the equity method of accounting and would be required to fund a portion of the remaining obligation upon default by the original debtor.

Westside Intermodal Transportation Corporation and The Unified Government of Wyandotte County/Kansas City, Kansas

BNSF Railway has outstanding guarantees of \$51 million of debt, the proceeds of which were used to finance construction of a bridge that connects BNSF Railway's Argentine Yard in Kansas City, Kansas, with the KCTRC mainline tracks in Kansas City, Missouri. The bridge is operated by KCTRC, and payments related to BNSF Railway's guarantee of this obligation would only be called for upon default by the original debtor.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

Chevron Phillips Chemical Company, LP

In the third quarter of 2007, BNSF Railway entered into an indemnity agreement with Chevron Phillips Chemical Company, LP (Chevron Phillips), granting certain rights of indemnity from BNSF Railway, in order to facilitate access to a new storage facility. Under certain circumstances, payment under this obligation may be required in the event Chevron Phillips were to incur certain liabilities or other incremental costs resulting from trackage access.

Residual Value Guarantees (RVG)

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into leases in which it guarantees the residual value of certain leased equipment. Some of these leases have renewal or purchase options, or both, that the Company may exercise at the end of the lease term. If the Company elects not to exercise these options, it may be required to pay the lessor an amount not exceeding the RVG. The amount of any payment is contingent upon the actual residual value of the leased equipment. Some of these leases also require the lessor to pay the Company any surplus if the actual residual value of the leased equipment is over the RVG. These guarantees will expire between 2008 and 2011.

The maximum future payments, as disclosed in the Guarantees table above, represent the undiscounted maximum amount that the Company could be required to pay in the event the Company did not exercise its renewal option and the fair market value of the equipment had significantly declined. BNSF Railway does not anticipate such a large reduction in the fair market value of the leased equipment. As of June 30, 2008, the Company had recorded a \$68 million asset and corresponding liability for the fair value of RVGs.

All Other

As of June 30, 2008, BNSF Railway guaranteed \$5 million of other debt and leases. BNSF Railway holds a performance bond and has the option to sub-lease property to recover up to \$2 million of the \$5 million of guarantees. These guarantees expire between 2011 and 2013.

Other than as discussed above, there is no collateral held by a third party that the Company could obtain and liquidate to recover any amounts paid under the above guarantees.

Other than as discussed above, none of the guarantees are recorded in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company. The Company does not expect performance under these guarantees to have a material effect on the Company in the foreseeable future.

Indemnities

In the ordinary course of business, BNSF Railway enters into agreements with third parties that include indemnification clauses. In general, these clauses are customary for the types of agreements in which they are included. At times, these clauses may involve indemnification for the acts of the Company, its employees and agents, indemnification for another party's acts, indemnification for future events, indemnification based upon a certain standard of performance, indemnification for liabilities arising out of the Company's use of leased equipment or other property, or other types of indemnification. Due to the uncertainty of whether events which would trigger the indemnification obligations would ever occur, the Company does not believe that these indemnity agreements will have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or liquidity. Additionally, the Company believes that, due to lack of historical payment experience, the fair value of indemnities cannot be estimated with any amount of certainty and that the fair value of any such amount would be immaterial to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Agreements that contain unique circumstances, particularly agreements that contain guarantees that indemnify another party's acts are disclosed separately if appropriate. Unless separately disclosed above, no fair value liability related to indemnities has been recorded in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

5. Commitments and Contingencies

Personal Injury

Personal injury claims, including asbestos claims and employee work-related injuries and third-party injuries (collectively, other personal injury), are a significant expense for the railroad industry. Personal injury claims by BNSF Railway employees are subject to the provisions of the Federal Employers' Liability Act (FELA) rather than state workers' compensation laws. FELA's system of requiring the finding of fault, coupled with unscheduled awards and reliance on the jury system, contributed to increased expenses in past years. Other proceedings include claims by non-employees for punitive as well as compensatory damages. A few proceedings purport to be class actions. The variability present in settling these claims, including non-employee personal injury and matters in which punitive damages are alleged, could result in increased expenses in future years. BNSF Railway has implemented a number of safety programs designed to reduce the number of personal injuries as well as the associated claims and personal injury expense.

BNSF Railway records a liability for personal injury claims when the expected loss is both probable and reasonably estimable. The liability and ultimate expense projections are estimated using standard actuarial methodologies. Liabilities recorded for unasserted personal injury claims are based on information currently available. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in projecting future events such as the number of claims filed each year, developments in judicial and legislative standards and the average costs to settle projected claims, actual costs may differ from amounts recorded. BNSF Railway has obtained insurance coverage for certain claims, as discussed under the heading "BNSF Insurance Company." Expense accruals and any required adjustments are classified as materials and other in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Asbestos

The Company is party to a number of personal injury claims by employees and non-employees who may have been exposed to asbestos. The heaviest exposure for BNSF Railway employees was due to work conducted in and around the use of steam locomotive engines that were phased out between the years of 1950 and 1967. However, other types of exposures, including exposure from locomotive component parts and building materials, continued after 1967 until they were substantially eliminated at BNSF Railway by 1985.

BNSF Railway assesses its unasserted liability exposure on an annual basis during the third quarter. BNSF Railway determines its asbestos liability by estimating its exposed population, the number of claims likely to be filed, the number of claims that will likely require payment, and the estimated cost per claim. Estimated filing and dismissal rates and average cost per claim are determined utilizing recent claim data and trends.

Throughout the year, BNSF Railway monitors actual experience against the number of forecasted claims and expected claim payments and will record adjustments to the Company's estimates as necessary.

The following table summarizes the activity in the Company's accrued obligations for both asserted and unasserted asbestos matters (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Beginning balance	\$ 266	\$ 301	\$ 270	\$ 306
Accruals	-	-	-	-
Payments	(5)	(4)	(9)	(9)
Ending balance at June 30,	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 297</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 297</u>

Of the June 30, 2008 obligation, \$216 million was related to unasserted claims while \$45 million was related to asserted claims. At June 30, 2008, \$17 million was included in current liabilities. The recorded liability was not discounted. In addition, defense and processing costs, which are recorded on an as-reported basis, were not included in the recorded liability. The Company is primarily self-insured for asbestos-related claims.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

The following table summarizes information regarding the number of asserted asbestos claims filed against BNSF Railway:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Claims unresolved at beginning of period	1,827	1,941	1,781	1,975
Claims filed	109	93	272	232
Claims settled, dismissed or otherwise resolved	(136)	(104)	(253)	(277)
Ending balance at June 30,	1,800	1,930	1,800	1,930

Based on BNSF Railway’s estimate of the potentially exposed employees and related mortality assumptions, it is anticipated that unasserted claims will continue to be filed through the year 2050. The Company recorded an amount for the full estimated filing period through 2050 because it had a relatively finite exposed population (former and current employees hired prior to 1985), which it was able to identify and reasonably estimate and about which it had obtained reliable demographic data (including age, hire date and occupation) derived from industry or BNSF Railway specific data that was the basis for the study. BNSF Railway projects that approximately 55, 75 and 95 percent of the future unasserted asbestos claims will be filed within the next 10, 15 and 25 years, respectively.

Because of the uncertainty surrounding the factors used in the study, it is reasonably possible that future costs to settle asbestos claims may range from approximately \$240 million to \$285 million. However, BNSF Railway believes that the \$261 million recorded is the best estimate of the Company’s future obligation for the settlement of asbestos claims.

The amounts recorded by BNSF Railway for the asbestos-related liability were based upon currently known facts. Future events, such as the number of new claims to be filed each year, the average cost of disposing of claims, as well as the numerous uncertainties surrounding asbestos litigation in the United States, could cause the actual costs to be higher or lower than projected.

While the final outcome of asbestos-related matters cannot be predicted with certainty, considering among other things the meritorious legal defenses available and liabilities that have been recorded, it is the opinion of BNSF Railway that none of these items, when finally resolved, will have a material adverse effect on the Company’s financial position or liquidity. However, the occurrence of a number of these items in the same period could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations in a particular quarter or fiscal year.

Other Personal Injury

BNSF Railway estimates its other personal injury liability claims and expense quarterly based on the covered population, activity levels and trends in frequency and the costs of covered injuries. Estimates include unasserted claims except for certain repetitive stress and other occupational trauma claims that result from prolonged repeated events or exposure. Such claims are estimated on an as-reported basis because, while the Company has concluded that a probable loss has occurred, it cannot estimate the range of reasonably possible loss due to other contributing causes of such injuries and the fact that continued exposure is required for the potential injury to manifest itself as a claim. The Company believes that the low end of the range of reasonably possible loss, as that term is used in FIN 14, *Reasonable Estimation of the Amount of a Loss*, is immaterial for these repetitive stress and other occupational trauma claims.

BNSF Railway monitors quarterly actual experience against the number of forecasted claims to be received, the forecasted number of claims closing with payment and expected claims payments. Adjustments to the Company’s estimates are recorded quarterly as necessary or more frequently as new events or revised estimates develop.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

The following table summarizes the activity in the Company's accrued obligations for other personal injury matters (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Beginning balance	\$ 454	\$ 434	\$ 439	\$ 439
Accruals	56	46	102	93
Payments	(36)	(43)	(67)	(95)
Ending balance at June 30,	<u>\$ 474</u>	<u>\$ 437</u>	<u>\$ 474</u>	<u>\$ 437</u>

At June 30, 2008, \$183 million was included in current liabilities. BNSF Railway's liabilities for other personal injury claims are undiscounted. In addition, defense and processing costs, which are recorded on an as-reported basis, were not included in the recorded liability. The Company is substantially self-insured for other personal injury claims.

The following table summarizes information regarding the number of personal injury claims, other than asbestos, filed against BNSF Railway:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Claims unresolved at beginning of period	3,972	3,222	3,322	3,130
Claims filed	913	945	2,447	1,866
Claims settled, dismissed or otherwise resolved	(944)	(1,036)	(1,828)	(1,865)
Ending balance at June 30,	<u>3,941</u>	<u>3,131</u>	<u>3,941</u>	<u>3,131</u>

Because of the uncertainty surrounding the ultimate outcome of other personal injury claims, it is reasonably possible that future costs to settle other personal injury claims may range from approximately \$410 million to \$575 million. However, BNSF Railway believes that the \$474 million recorded is the best estimate of the Company's future obligation for the settlement of other personal injury claims.

The amounts recorded by BNSF Railway for other personal injury claims were based upon currently known facts. Future events, such as the number of new claims to be filed each year, the average cost of disposing of claims, as well as the numerous uncertainties surrounding personal injury litigation in the United States, could cause the actual costs to be higher or lower than projected.

While the final outcome of these other personal injury matters cannot be predicted with certainty, considering among other things the meritorious legal defenses available and liabilities that have been recorded, it is the opinion of BNSF Railway that none of these items, when finally resolved, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or liquidity. However, the occurrence of a number of these items in the same period could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations in a particular quarter or fiscal year.

BNSF Insurance Company

Burlington Northern Santa Fe Insurance Company, Ltd. (BNSF IC), a wholly owned subsidiary of BNSF, provides insurance coverage for certain risks incurred after April 1, 1998, FELA claims, railroad protective, force account insurance claims and certain excess general liability coverage incurred after January 1, 2002, and certain other claims which are subject to reinsurance. During the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, BNSF Railway paid premiums of \$165 million and \$163 million, respectively, to BNSF IC for such coverage, net of reimbursements from third parties and recognized \$84 million and \$82 million, respectively, in expense related to those premiums, which is classified as purchased services in the Consolidated Statements of Income. At June 30, 2008, unamortized premiums remaining on the Consolidated Balance Sheet were \$86 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, BNSF IC made claim payments totaling \$56 million and \$77 million, respectively, for settlement of covered claims.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

Environmental

The Company's operations, as well as those of its competitors, are subject to extensive federal, state and local environmental regulation. BNSF Railway's operating procedures include practices to protect the environment from the risks inherent in railroad operations, which frequently involve transporting chemicals and other hazardous materials. Additionally, many of BNSF Railway's land holdings are and have been used for industrial or transportation-related purposes or leased to commercial or industrial companies whose activities may have resulted in discharges onto the property. As a result, BNSF Railway is subject to environmental cleanup and enforcement actions. In particular, the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), also known as the Superfund law, as well as similar state laws, generally impose joint and several liability for cleanup and enforcement costs on current and former owners and operators of a site without regard to fault or the legality of the original conduct. BNSF Railway has been notified that it is a potentially responsible party (PRP) for study and cleanup costs at Superfund sites for which investigation and remediation payments are or will be made or are yet to be determined (the Superfund sites) and, in many instances, is one of several PRPs. In addition, BNSF Railway may be considered a PRP under certain other laws. Accordingly, under CERCLA and other federal and state statutes, BNSF Railway may be held jointly and severally liable for all environmental costs associated with a particular site. If there are other PRPs, BNSF Railway generally participates in the cleanup of these sites through cost-sharing agreements with terms that vary from site to site. Costs are typically allocated based on such factors as relative volumetric contribution of material, the amount of time the site was owned or operated and/or the portion of the total site owned or operated by each PRP.

Liabilities for environmental cleanup costs are recorded when BNSF Railway's liability for environmental cleanup is probable and reasonably estimable. Subsequent adjustments to initial estimates are recorded as necessary based upon additional information developed in subsequent periods. Environmental costs include initial site surveys and environmental studies as well as costs for remediation of sites determined to be contaminated.

BNSF Railway estimates the ultimate cost of cleanup efforts at its known environmental sites on an annual basis during the third quarter. Ultimate cost estimates for environmental sites are based on historical payment patterns, current estimated percentage to closure ratios and benchmark patterns developed from data accumulated from industry and public sources, including the Environmental Protection Agency and other governmental agencies. These factors incorporate experience gained from cleanup efforts at other similar sites into the estimates for which remediation and restoration efforts are still in progress.

On a quarterly basis, BNSF Railway monitors actual experience against the forecasted remediation and related payments made on existing sites and conducts ongoing environmental contingency analyses, which consider a combination of factors including independent consulting reports, site visits, legal reviews and analysis of the likelihood of participation in, and the ability to pay for, cleanup of other PRPs. Adjustments to the Company's estimates will continue to be recorded as necessary based on developments in subsequent periods. Additionally, environmental accruals, which are classified as materials and other in the Consolidated Statements of Income, include amounts for newly identified sites or contaminants, third-party claims and legal fees incurred for defense of third-party claims and recovery efforts.

Annual studies do not include (i) contaminated sites of which the Company is not aware; (ii) additional amounts for third-party tort claims, which arise out of contaminants allegedly migrating from BNSF Railway property, due to a limited number of sites; or (iii) natural resource damage claims. BNSF Railway continues to estimate third-party tort claims on a site by site basis when the liability for such claims is probable and reasonably estimable. BNSF Railway's recorded liability for third-party tort claims as of June 30, 2008, is approximately \$17 million.

BNSF Railway is involved in a number of administrative and judicial proceedings and other mandatory cleanup efforts for 350 sites, including Superfund sites, at which it is participating in the study or cleanup, or both, of alleged environmental contamination.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

The following table summarizes the activity in the Company’s accrued obligations for environmental matters (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Beginning balance	\$ 376	\$ 370	\$ 380	\$ 318
Accruals	182	7	197	74
Payments	(13)	(15)	(32)	(30)
Ending balance at June 30,	<u>\$ 545</u>	<u>\$ 362</u>	<u>\$ 545</u>	<u>\$ 362</u>

At June 30, 2008, \$66 million was included in current liabilities.

In the second quarter of 2008, the Company completed an analysis of its Montana sites to determine its legal exposure related to the potential effect of a Montana Supreme Court decision. The decision, which did not involve BNSF Railway, held that restoration damages (damages equating to clean-up costs which are intended to return property to its original condition) may be awarded under certain circumstances even where such damages may exceed the property’s actual value. The legal situation in Montana, the recent increase in the number of claims against BNSF Railway and others resulting from this decision, and the completion of the analysis have caused BNSF Railway to record additional pre-tax environmental expenses of \$175 million in the second quarter of 2008 for environmental liabilities primarily related to the effect of the aforementioned Montana Supreme Court decision on certain of BNSF Railway’s Montana sites.

In the first quarter of 2007, the Company recorded additional pre-tax environmental expenses of \$65 million due to an increase in environmental costs primarily related to a final resolution with the State of Washington and its Department of Ecology on clean-up of an existing environmental site at Skykomish and an adverse reversal of a trial court decision on appeal regarding a site at Arvin, California.

BNSF Railway’s environmental liabilities are not discounted. BNSF Railway anticipates that the majority of the accrued costs at June 30, 2008, will be paid over the next ten years, and no individual site is considered to be material.

The following tables summarize the environmental sites:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
BNSF Sites				
Number of sites at beginning of period	346	368	346	375
Sites added during the period	6	7	12	12
Sites closed during the period	(2)	(28)	(8)	(40)
Number of sites at June 30,	<u>350</u>	<u>347</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>347</u>
Superfund Sites				
Number of sites at beginning of period	20	20	20	20
Sites added during the period	–	–	–	–
Sites closed during the period	–	–	–	–
Number of sites at June 30,	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>

Liabilities recorded for environmental costs represent BNSF Railway’s best estimate of its probable future obligation for the remediation and settlement of these sites and include both asserted and unasserted claims. Although recorded liabilities include BNSF Railway’s best estimate of all probable costs, without reduction for anticipated recoveries from third parties, BNSF Railway’s total cleanup costs at these sites cannot be predicted with certainty due to various factors such as the extent of corrective actions that may be required, evolving environmental laws and regulations, advances in environmental

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

technology, the extent of other parties' participation in cleanup efforts, developments in ongoing environmental analyses related to sites determined to be contaminated and developments in environmental surveys and studies of contaminated sites.

Because of the uncertainty surrounding these factors, it is reasonably possible that future costs for environmental liabilities may range from approximately \$400 million to \$865 million. However, BNSF Railway believes that the \$545 million recorded at June 30, 2008, is the best estimate of the Company's future obligation for environmental costs.

While the final outcome of these environmental matters cannot be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of BNSF Railway that none of these items, when finally resolved, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or liquidity. However, the occurrence of a number of these items in the same period could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations in a particular quarter or fiscal year.

Other Claims and Litigation

In addition to asbestos, other personal injury and environmental matters discussed above, BNSF Railway and its subsidiaries are also parties to a number of other legal actions and claims, various governmental proceedings and private civil suits arising in the ordinary course of business, including those related to disputes and complaints involving certain transportation rates and charges (including complaints seeking refunds of prior charges paid for coal transportation and the prescription of future rates for such movements and claims relating to service under contract provisions or otherwise). Some of the legal proceedings include claims for punitive as well as compensatory damages, and a few proceedings purport to be class actions. While the final outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, considering among other things the meritorious legal defenses available and liabilities that have been recorded along with applicable insurance, it is the opinion of BNSF Railway that none of these items, when finally resolved, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or liquidity. However, an unexpected adverse resolution of one or more of these items could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations in a particular quarter or fiscal year.

6. Employee Separation Costs

Employee separation costs activity was as follows (in millions):

Six Months Ended June 30,	2008	2007
Beginning balance at January 1,	\$ 91	\$ 107
Accruals	3	5
Payments	(7)	(10)
Ending balance at June 30,	<u>\$ 87</u>	<u>\$ 102</u>

Employee separation liabilities of \$87 million were included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet at June 30, 2008, and principally represent the following: (i) \$83 million for deferred benefits payable upon separation or retirement to certain active conductors, trainmen and locomotive engineers; (ii) \$1 million for employee-related severance costs for the consolidation of clerical functions, material handlers in mechanical shops and trainmen on reserve boards; and (iii) \$3 million for certain non-union employee severance costs. Employee separation expenses are recorded in materials and other in the Consolidated Statements of Income. At June 30, 2008, \$14 million of the remaining liabilities were included in current liabilities.

The deferred benefits payable upon separation or retirement to certain active conductors, trainmen and locomotive engineers were primarily incurred in connection with labor agreements reached prior to the business combination of BNSF's predecessor companies, Burlington Northern Inc. and Santa Fe Pacific Corporation (the Merger). These agreements, among other things, reduced train crew sizes and allowed for more flexible work rules. The majority of the remaining costs will be paid between 2008 and 2020. As of June 30, 2008, the Company had updated its estimate and recorded an additional liability of \$3 million related to deferred benefits. The remaining costs for (ii) above are expected to be paid out between 2008 and approximately 2011, and the costs for (iii) above are expected to be paid out between 2008 and 2021 based on deferral elections made by the affected employees.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

7. Employment Benefit Plans

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans—an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106 and 132R*, which requires the recognition of the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan in the Company's balance sheet. This portion of the new guidance was adopted by the Company on December 31, 2006. Additionally, the pronouncement eliminates the option for the Company to use a measurement date prior to the Company's fiscal year-end effective December 31, 2008. SFAS No. 158 provides two approaches to transition to a fiscal year-end measurement date, both of which are to be applied prospectively. BNSF Railway has elected to apply the transition option under which a 15-month measurement was determined as of September 30, 2007 that covers the period until the fiscal year-end measurement is required on December 31, 2008. As a result, the Company recorded a \$7 million decrease to retained earnings in January 2008 to reflect the proportionate allocation of the net periodic benefit cost to cover the transition period.

Components of the net periodic benefit cost were as follows (in millions):

	Pension Benefits			
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
Net Periodic Cost	2008	2007	2008	2007
Service cost	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 12	\$ 12
Interest cost	25	25	51	49
Expected return on plan assets	(28)	(27)	(56)	(53)
Amortization of net loss	4	9	8	18
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>

	Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits			
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
Net Periodic Cost	2008	2007	2008	2007
Service cost	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 2
Interest cost	5	4	9	8
Amortization of net loss	1	2	2	3
Amortization of prior service cost	(2)	(2)	(4)	(4)
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>

Due to changes in the Company's funding methodology, the Company is no longer required to make contributions to BNSF's qualified pension plan in 2008.

8. Related Party Transactions

BNSF Railway is involved with BNSF and certain of its subsidiaries in related party transactions in the ordinary course of business, which include payments made on each other's behalf and performance of services. Under the terms of a tax allocation agreement with BNSF, BNSF Railway made federal and state income tax payments, net of refunds, of \$521 million and \$445 million during the first six months of 2008 and 2007, respectively, which are reflected in changes in working capital in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, BNSF Railway had \$101 million and \$44 million, respectively, of intercompany receivables which are reflected in accounts receivable in the respective Consolidated Balance Sheets. At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, BNSF Railway had \$11 million and \$14 million of intercompany payables, respectively, which are reflected in accounts payable in the respective Consolidated Balance Sheets. Net intercompany balances are settled in the ordinary course of business.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) – (Continued)

At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, BNSF Railway had \$591 million and \$456 million, respectively, of intercompany notes receivable from BNSF with a variable interest rate of 1.0 percent above the monthly average of the daily effective Federal Funds rate. The \$135 million increase in intercompany notes receivable is due to \$514 million of loans to BNSF partially offset by repayments of \$379 during the first six months of 2008. Interest is collected semi-annually on all intercompany notes receivable. Interest income from intercompany notes receivable is presented in interest income, related parties in the Consolidated Income Statements.

BNSF Logistics is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BNSF that specializes in providing third-party logistics services. BNSF Railway earned revenues of \$21 million and \$14 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, for transportation services provided to BNSF Logistics by BNSF Railway. Additionally, BNSF Railway purchased truck transportation services for the Company’s materials and supplies from BNSF Logistics of \$19 million and \$17 million for the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Under various stock incentive plans, BNSF has granted options to employees to purchase its common stock at a price not less than the fair market value at the date of grant. Certain employees of BNSF Railway participate in these plans. In addition, under these plans BNSF has other long-term incentive plans to certain BNSF Railway employees, including, among other things, restricted stock and a discounted stock purchase program.

9. Comprehensive Income

Other comprehensive income (loss) refers to revenues, expenses, gains and losses that under generally accepted accounting principles are included in comprehensive income, a component of Stockholder’s Equity within the Consolidated Balance Sheets, rather than net income on the Consolidated Statements of Income. Under existing accounting standards, other comprehensive income (loss) may include, among other things, unrecognized gains and losses and prior service cost related to pension and other postretirement benefit plans and accounting for derivative financial instruments, which qualify for cash flow hedge accounting.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income reported in the Consolidated Statements of Income to total comprehensive income (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net income	\$ 417	\$ 531	\$ 944	\$ 976
Other comprehensive income:				
Amortization of prior service costs and actuarial losses, net of tax (see Note 7)	2	5	4	10
Gain on derivative instruments and other items, net of tax (see Note 2)	44	7	53	–
Unrealized gain on securities held by equity method investees, net of tax	1	–	–	–
Total comprehensive income	\$ 464	\$ 543	\$ 1,001	\$ 986

10. Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP’s review report is included in this quarterly report; however, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP does not express an opinion on the unaudited financial information. Accordingly, such report is not a “report” or “part of a registration statement” within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of such Act with respect to the review report.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholder and Board of Directors of
BNSF Railway Company:

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of BNSF Railway Company and its subsidiaries ("BNSF Railway" or the "Company") as of June 30, 2008, and the related consolidated statements of income for each of the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, the consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 and the consolidated statement of changes in stockholder's equity for the six-month period ended June 30, 2008. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We previously audited in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2007, and the related consolidated statements of income, of changes in stockholder's equity, and of cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated February 12, 2008, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. As discussed in Note 1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Burlington Northern Santa Fe Corporation was merged into the Company and treated as a combination of entities under common control. The accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2007 reflects this change. We have not audited the accompanying December 31, 2007 consolidated balance sheet.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Fort Worth, Texas
July 23, 2008

Item 2. Management's Narrative Analysis of Results of Operations.

Management's narrative analysis relates to the results of operations of BNSF Railway Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively BNSF Railway, Registrant or Company). The following narrative analysis should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes. All prior period financial information has been adjusted as appropriate for the transaction described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

Six Months Ended June 30, 2008, Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues

The following table presents BNSF Railway's revenue information by business group for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

	Revenues (in millions)		Cars / Units (in thousands)		Average Revenue Per Car / Unit	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Consumer Products	\$ 2,957	\$ 2,712	2,401	2,575	\$ 1,232	\$ 1,053
Industrial Products	1,985	1,796	825	821	2,406	2,188
Coal	1,856	1,536	1,223	1,205	1,518	1,275
Agricultural Products	1,694	1,236	546	487	3,103	2,538
Total Freight Revenues	8,492	7,280	4,995	5,088	\$ 1,700	\$ 1,431
Other Revenues	139	119				
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 8,631	\$ 7,399				

Freight revenues for the first six months of 2008 were \$8,492 million, up 17 percent compared with the same 2007 period, while cars/units decreased by 2 percent during this same period. Freight revenues included an increase of approximately \$680 million in fuel surcharges compared with the same 2007 period. Average revenue per car/unit was up 19 percent in the first six months of 2008 from the first six months of 2007 primarily due to fuel surcharges and improved pricing.

Consumer Products

The Consumer Products' freight business includes a significant intermodal component and consists of the following three business areas: international intermodal, domestic intermodal and automotive.

Consumer Products revenues of \$2,957 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$245 million, or 9 percent, greater than the first six months of 2007. This reflected increased fuel surcharges and improved yields, partially offset by lower volumes related to economic softness as well as reduced transpacific service of a large international customer.

Industrial Products

Industrial Products' freight business consists of five business areas: construction products, building products, petroleum products, chemicals and plastic products and food and beverages.

Industrial Products revenues of \$1,985 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$189 million, or 11 percent, greater than the first six months of 2007, due to improved yields on relatively flat unit volumes. Continued strong demand for construction products and petroleum products was partially offset by a decline in building products as a result of weakness in the housing market.

Coal

BNSF Railway is one of the largest transporters of low-sulfur coal in the United States. More than 90 percent of all BNSF Railway's coal tons originate from the Powder River Basin of Wyoming and Montana.

Coal revenues of \$1,856 million for the first six months of 2008 increased \$320 million, or 21 percent, compared with the same 2007 period. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in the average revenue per car of 19 percent driven by contractual inflation escalators, improved yields and higher fuel surcharges. Strong coal unit volumes in the first quarter of 2008 were offset by second quarter weather-related issues, resulting in relatively flat volumes for the first six months of 2008.

Agricultural Products

The Agricultural Products' freight business transports agricultural products including corn, wheat, soybeans, bulk foods, ethanol, fertilizer and other products.

Agricultural Products revenues of \$1,694 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$458 million, or 37 percent, higher than revenues for the first six months of 2007. This increase was primarily due to revenue growth in ethanol, wheat, corn and soybeans and a 22-percent increase in average revenue per unit. The increase in revenue per unit was the result of improved yields and higher fuel surcharges.

Other Revenues

Other revenues increased \$20 million, or 17 percent, to \$139 million for the first six months of 2008. This was primarily due to an increase in demurrage charges.

Expenses

Total operating expenses for the first six months of 2008 were \$7,038 million, an increase of \$1,191 million, or 20 percent, versus the same period in 2007.

Fuel

Fuel expense is driven by market price, the level of locomotive consumption of diesel fuel and the effects of hedging activities. Fuel expense only represents fuel used in locomotives for transportation services and excludes additional fuel-related costs such as fuel used for maintenance of way vehicles, intermodal facilities equipment, crew hauling transportation and work trains.

Fuel expenses of \$2,254 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$831 million, or 58 percent, higher than the first six months of 2007. The increase in fuel expense was due to an increase in the average all-in cost per gallon of diesel fuel. The average all-in cost per gallon of diesel fuel increased by \$1.15 to \$3.14, resulting in an \$825 million increase in expense. The increase in the average all-in cost reflected an increase in the average purchase price per gallon of \$1.16, or an \$834 million increase in fuel expenses, offset by an increase in the hedge benefit of 1 cent per gallon, or \$9 million (first six months 2008 benefit of \$33 million less first six months 2007 benefit of \$24 million). Fuel consumption in the first six months of 2008 increased by 3 million gallons to 719 million gallons, when compared with consumption in the same 2007 period.

Compensation and benefits

Compensation and benefits includes expenses for BNSF Railway employee wages, health and welfare, payroll taxes and other related items. The primary factors influencing the expenses recorded are volume, headcount, utilization, wage rates, incentives earned during the period, benefit plan participation and pension expenses.

Compensation and benefits expenses of \$1,924 million were \$78 million, or 4 percent, higher than the first six months of 2007. This increase was primarily related to higher incentive compensation costs and wage inflation. The average number of employees decreased 1 percent compared to the same 2007 period.

Purchased services

Purchased services expense includes ramping (lifting of containers onto and off of cars); drayage (highway movements to and from railway facilities); maintenance of locomotives, freight cars and equipment; transportation costs over other railroads; technology services outsourcing; professional services; and other contract services provided to BNSF Railway. The expenses are driven by the rates established in the related contracts and the volume of services required.

Purchased service expenses of \$1,041 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$39 million, or 4 percent, higher than the first six months of 2007. This increase was primarily due to increases in locomotive and freight car contract maintenance expense and haulage payments for transportation over other railroads.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses for the period are determined by using the group method of depreciation, applying a single rate to the gross investment in a particular class of property. Due to the capital-intensive nature of BNSF Railway's operations, depreciation expense is a significant component of the Company's operating expense. The full effect of inflation is not reflected in operating expenses because depreciation is based on historical cost.

Depreciation and amortization expenses of \$690 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$62 million, or 10 percent, higher than the same period in 2007. This increase in depreciation expense was primarily due to continuing capital expenditures, updated depreciation rates for locomotives that went into effect in April, 2007 and updated depreciation rates for other roadway property that went into effect in April, 2008.

Equipment rents

Equipment rents expense includes long-term and short-term payments primarily for locomotives, freight cars, containers and trailers. The expense is driven primarily by volume, lease and rental rates, utilization of equipment and changes in business mix resulting in equipment usage variances.

Equipment rents expenses of \$453 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$16 million, or 3 percent, lower than the first six months of 2007 due to lower volumes, improved velocity and increased asset utilization.

Materials and other

Material expenses consist mainly of the costs involved to purchase mechanical and engineering materials, in addition to other items for construction and maintenance of property and equipment. Other expenses include personal injury claims, environmental remediation and derailments as well as utilities, impairments of long-lived assets, locomotive overhauls, property and miscellaneous taxes and employee separation costs. The total is offset by gains on land sales and insurance recoveries.

Materials and other expenses of \$676 million for the first six months of 2008 were \$197 million, or 41 percent, higher than the first six months of 2007. The increase was primarily due to an increase in environmental accruals, additional personal injury accruals, higher property taxes and inflationary increases associated with non-locomotive fuel costs, partially offset by a \$16 million write-off of a technology system in the first quarter of 2007.

Interest expense

Interest expense of \$57 million for the first six months of 2008 was \$11 million, or 24 percent, higher than the same 2007 period. This was primarily due to a higher average debt balance.

Income taxes

The effective tax rate for both the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was 38.5 percent.

Forward-Looking Information

To the extent that statements made by the Company relate to the Company's future economic performance or business outlook, projections or expectations of financial or operational results, or refer to matters that are not historical facts, such statements are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding:

- Expectations as to operating results, such as revenue growth and earnings per share;
- Expectations as to the effect on the Company's financial condition of claims, litigation, environmental and personal injury costs, commitments, contingent liabilities, and governmental and regulatory investigations and proceedings;
- Plans and goals for future operational improvements and capital commitments; and
- Future market conditions or economic performance.

Forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties, and actual performance or results may differ materially. For a discussion of material risks and uncertainties that the Company faces, see the discussion in the Annual Report on Form 10-K titled "Risk Factors." Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to, the following:

- **Economic and industry conditions:** material adverse changes in economic or industry conditions, both in the United States and globally, changes in customer demand, effects of adverse economic conditions affecting shippers or BNSF Railway's supplier base, adverse economic conditions in the industries and geographic areas that produce and consume freight, changes in demand due to more stringent regulatory policies such as the regulation of carbon dioxide emissions that could reduce the demand for coal, governmental tariffs or subsidies that could affect the demand for grain, competition and consolidation within the transportation industry, the extent to which BNSF Railway is successful in gaining new long-term relationships with customers or retaining existing ones, level of service failures that could lead customers to use competitors' services, changes in fuel prices and other key materials and disruptions in supply chains for these materials, changes in the securities and capital markets and changes in crew availability, labor costs and labor difficulties, including stoppages affecting either BNSF Railway's operations or customers' abilities to deliver goods to BNSF Railway for shipment;

- **Legal, legislative and regulatory factors:** developments and changes in laws and regulations, including those affecting train operations or the marketing of services, the ultimate outcome of shipper and rate claims subject to adjudication or claims, investigations or litigation alleging violations of the antitrust laws, increased economic regulation of the rail industry through legislative action and revised rules and standards applied by the U.S. Surface Transportation Board in various areas including rates and services, developments in environmental investigations or proceedings with respect to rail operations or current or past ownership or control of real property, and developments in and losses resulting from other types of claims and litigation, including those relating to personal injuries, asbestos and other occupational diseases, the release of hazardous materials, environmental contamination and damage to property; and

- **Operating factors:** technical difficulties, changes in operating conditions and costs, changes in business mix, the availability of equipment and human resources to meet changes in demand, the extent of the Company's ability to achieve its operational and financial initiatives and to contain costs, the effectiveness of steps taken to maintain and improve operations and velocity and network fluidity, including the management of the amount of traffic on the system to meet demand and the ability to acquire sufficient resources to meet that demand, the ability to expand the capacity of the system, congestion on other railroads and capacity constraints affecting all links in the transportation chain that feed traffic and goods to BNSF Railway's systems, restrictions on development and expansion plans due to environmental concerns, disruptions to BNSF Railway's technology network including computer systems and software, as well as natural events such as severe weather, fires, floods and earthquakes or man-made or other disruptions of BNSF Railway's operating systems, structures, or equipment including the effects of acts of terrorism on the Company's system or other railroads' systems.

The Company cautions against placing undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which reflect its current beliefs and are based on information currently available to it as of the date a forward-looking statement is made. The Company undertakes no obligation to revise forward-looking statements to reflect future events, changes in circumstances, or changes in beliefs. In the event the Company does update any forward-looking statement, no inference should be made that the Company will make additional updates with respect to that statement, related matters, or any other forward-looking statements. Any corrections or revisions and other important assumptions and factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements made by the Company may appear in the Company's public filings with the SEC, which are accessible at www.sec.gov, and on the Company's website at www.bnsf.com, and which investors are advised to consult.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures.

Based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, BNSF Railway's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that BNSF Railway's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by BNSF Railway in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to BNSF Railway's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Additionally, as of the end of the period covered by this report, BNSF Railway's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that there have been no changes in BNSF Railway's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, BNSF Railway's internal control over financial reporting.

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Reference is made to the disclosure in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, that the Company was responding to a state grand jury subpoena requesting production of information related to fuel surcharges. On July 9, 2008, the Company was advised that the State Attorney General of New Jersey has decided not to go forward with an investigation at this time.

Item 6. Exhibits.

See Index to Exhibits on page E-1 for a description of the exhibits filed as part of this report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BNSF Railway Company
(Registrant)

By: _____ /s/ Thomas N. Hund

Thomas N. Hund
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(On behalf of the Registrant and
as principal financial officer)

Dated: July 24, 2008

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES

Exhibit Index

<u>Exhibit Number and Description</u>	<u>Incorporated by Reference (if applicable)</u>			<u>Exhibit</u>
	<u>Form</u>	<u>File Date</u>	<u>File No.</u>	
3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BNSF Railway Company, dated January 17, 2005.	10-Q	7/26/2005	001-06324	3.1
3.2 By-Laws of BNSF Railway Company, as amended August 30, 2005.	10-Q	10/25/2005	001-06324	3.1
12.1 Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.*				
31.1 Principal Executive Officer's Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*				
31.2 Principal Financial Officer's Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*				
32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).*				

*Filed herewith

BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY and SUBSIDIARIES
COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES
(In millions, except ratio amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2008	2007
		(As Adjusted) ^a
Earnings:		
Income before income taxes	\$ 1,534	\$ 1,586
Add:		
Interest and other fixed charges, excluding capitalized interest	57	46
Reasonable approximation of portion of rent under long-term operating leases representative of an interest factor	137	141
Distributed income of investees accounted for under the equity method	2	2
Amortization of capitalized interest	2	1
Less: Equity in earnings of investments accounted for under the equity method	7	10
Total earnings available for fixed charges	<u>\$ 1,725</u>	<u>\$ 1,766</u>
Fixed charges:		
Interest and fixed charges	\$ 66	\$ 54
Reasonable approximation of portion of rent under long-term operating leases representative of an interest factor	137	141
Total fixed charges	<u>\$ 203</u>	<u>\$ 195</u>
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	<u>8.50x</u>	<u>9.06x</u>

^a Prior year numbers have been adjusted for the merger of BNSF Acquisition, Inc. into BNSF Railway Company. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

**Principal Executive Officer's Certifications
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Matthew K. Rose, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of BNSF Railway Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's second fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 24, 2008

/s/ Matthew K. Rose
Matthew K. Rose
Chairman, President and
Chief Executive Officer

**Principal Financial Officer's Certifications
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Thomas N. Hund, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of BNSF Railway Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's second fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 24, 2008

/s/ Thomas N. Hund
Thomas N. Hund
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350
(Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

BNSF Railway Company

In connection with the Quarterly Report of BNSF Railway Company (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Matthew K. Rose, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Thomas N. Hund, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies that, to his knowledge on the date hereof:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: July 24, 2008

/s/ Matthew K. Rose

/s/ Thomas N. Hund

Matthew K. Rose
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Thomas N. Hund
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to BNSF Railway Company and will be retained by BNSF Railway Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.